PXE30-xxDxx Dual Output DC/DC Converter

9 to 18 Vdc, 18 to 36 Vdc, or 36 to 75 Vdc input, 12 to 15 Vdc Dual Output, 30W

TDK·Lambda

Features

- 30 watts maximum output power
- Output current up to 1250mA
- Standard 2" x 1.6" x 0.4" package
- High efficiency up to 88%
- 2:1 wide input voltage range
- Six-sided continuous shield
- Fixed switching frequency
- CE MARK meets 2006/95/EC, 93/68/EEC and 2004/108/EC
- UL60950-1, EN60950-1 and IEC60950-1 licensed
- ISO9001 certified manufacturing facilities
- Compliant to RoHS EU directive 2002/95/EC

Options

• Heat sinks available for extended operation

APPLICATIONS

Wireless Network
Telecom/Datacom
Industry Control System
Measurement Equipment
Semiconductor Equipment

General Description

The PXE30-xxDxx series offers 30 watts of output power in a 2 x 1.6 x 0.4 inch package . This series has a 2:1 wide input voltage of 9-18VDC, 18-36VDC or 36-75VDC and features 1600VDC of isolation, short-circuit and over-voltage protection.

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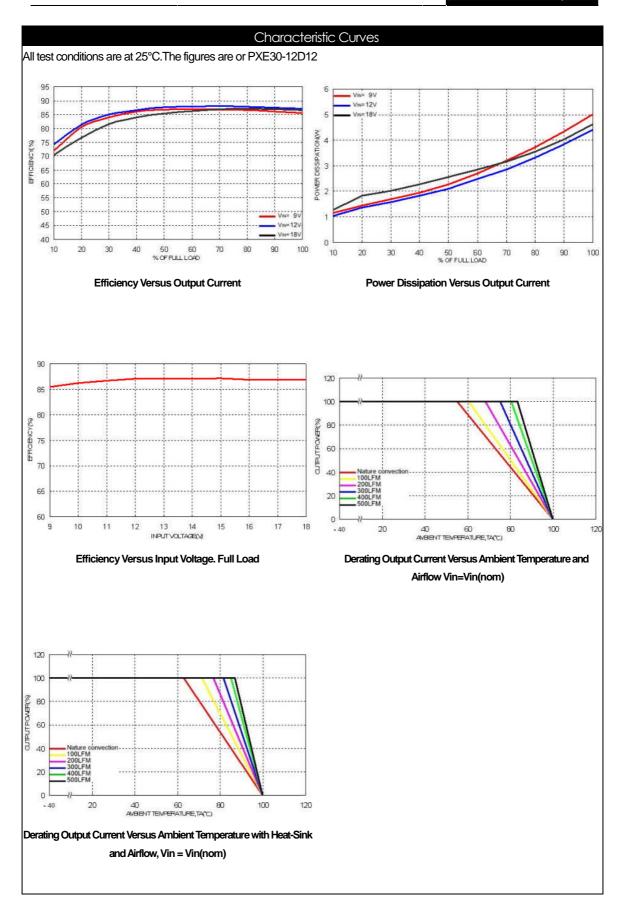
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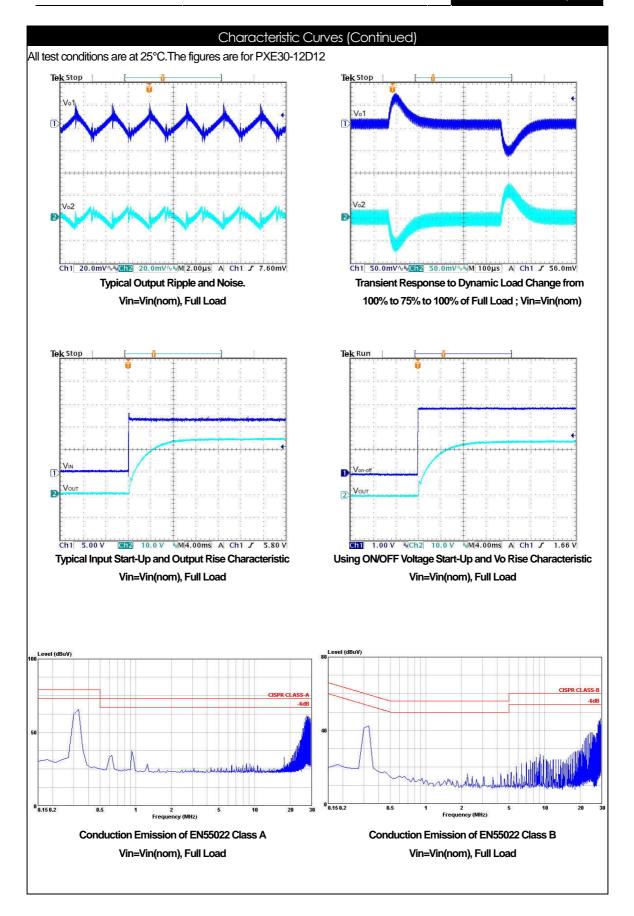
Absolute Maximum Rating						
Parameter	Model	Min	Max	Unit		
Input Voltage						
Continuous	12Dxx		18			
	24Dxx		36			
	48Dxx		75	V_{DC}		
Transient (100mS)	12Dxx		36			
	24Dxx		50			
	48Dxx		100			
Input Voltage Variation	All		5	V/mS		
(complies with EST300 132 part 4.4)	7 (11		3	V/1110		
Operating Ambient Temperature (with derating)	All	-40	85	°C		
Operating Case Temperature	All		100	°C		
Storage Temperature	All	-55	105	°C		

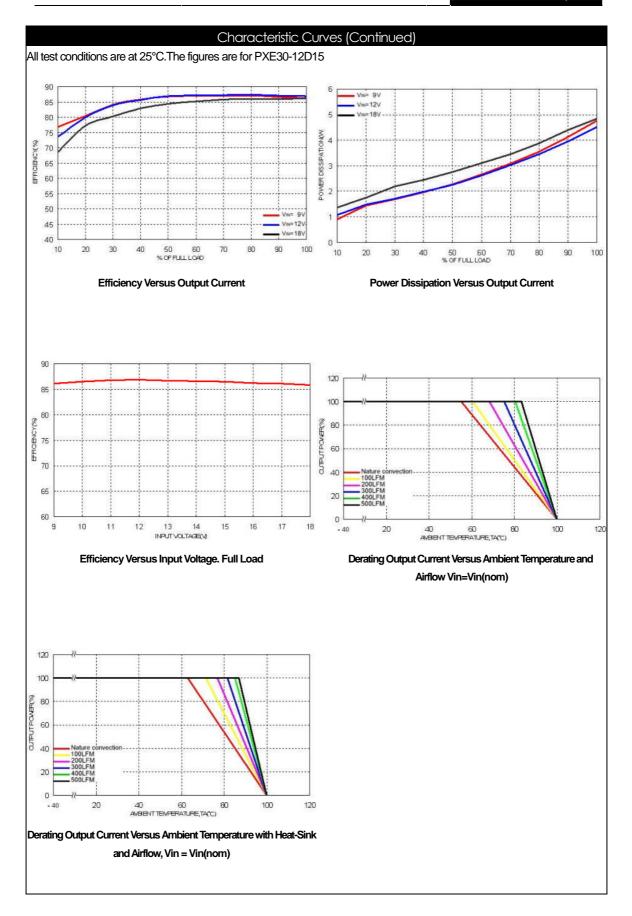
Output Specification					
Parameter	Model	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Output Voltage	xxD12	11.88	12	12.12	
(Vin = Vin(nom); Full Load; TA=25°C)	xxD15	14.85	15	15.15	V_{DC}
Voltage Adjustability	All	-10		+10	%
Output Regulation					
Line (Vin(min) to Vin(max) at Full Load)	All	-0.5		+0.5	%
Load (Min. to 100% of Full Load)		-1		+1	
Output Ripple & Noise					
Peak-to-Peak (20MHz bandwidth)	xxD12		100		mVp-p
(Measured with a 0.1µF/50V MLCC)	xxD15		100		
Temperature Coefficient	All	-0.02		+0.02	%/°C
Output Voltage Overshoot	All		0	5	% V _{out}
(Vin(min) to Vin(max); Full Load; T _A =25°C)	All		U	5	70 VOUT
Dynamic Load Response					
$(Vin = Vin(nom); T_A=25^{\circ}C)$					
Load step change from					
75% to 100% or 100 to 75% of Full Load Peak Deviation	All		250		mV
Setting Time (V _{OUT} <10% peak deviation)	All		300		μS
Output Current	xxD12	0		±1250	
	xxD15	0		±1000	mA
Output Over Voltage Protection	xxD12		15		\/
(Zener diode clamp)	xxD15		18		V_{DC}
Output Over Current Protection	All			150	% FL.
Output Short Circuit Protection	All	Hiccup, automatic recovery			

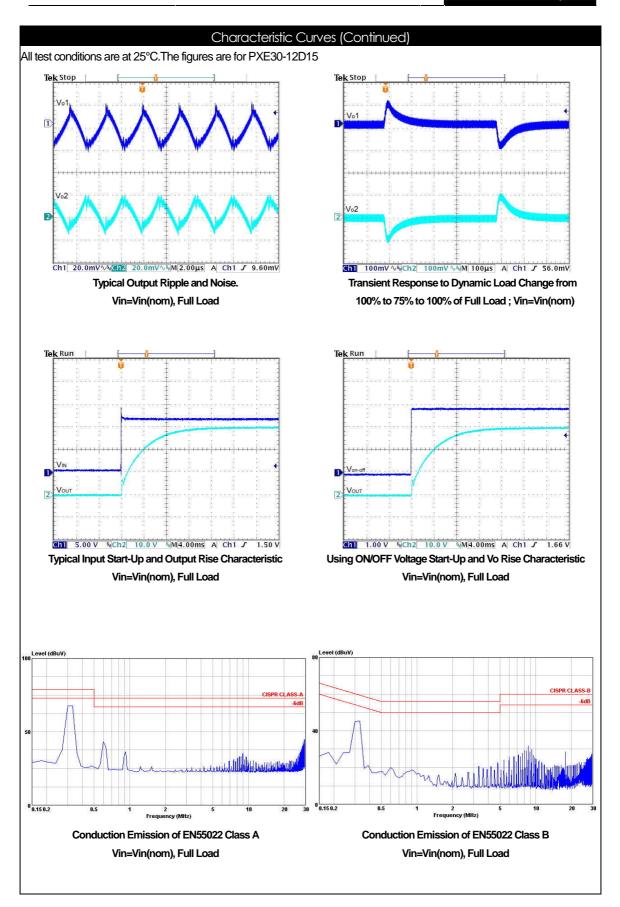
_ Input	Specification				
Parameter	Model	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Operating Input Voltage	12Dxx	9	12	18	
	24Dxx	18	24	36	V_{DC}
	48Dxx	36	48	75	
Input Current	12D12			3012	
(Maximum value at Vin = Vin(nom); Full Load)	12D15			3012	
	24D12			1488	Λ
	24D15			1488	mA
	48D12			744	
	48D15			744	
Input Standby Current	12D12		60		
(Typical value at Vin = Vin(nom); No Load)	12D15		40		
	24D12		30		Λ
	24D15		30		mA
	48D12		20		
	48D15		20		
Under Voltage Lockout Turn-on Threshold	12Dxx			9	
	24Dxx			17.8	V_{DC}
	48Dxx			36	
Under Voltage Lockout Turn-off Threshold	12Dxx		8		
	24Dxx		16		V_{DC}
	48Dxx		33		
Input Reflected Ripple Current	All		20		m An n
(5 to 20MHz, 12µH Source Impedance)	All		30		mAp-p
Start Up Time					
(Vin = Vin(nom) and Constant Resistive Load)					
Power Up	All			25	mS
Remote ON/OFF				25	
Remote ON/OFF Control					
(The ON/OFF pin voltage is referenced to -V_IN					
Positive Logic DC-DC ON	All	3.0		12	V_{DC}
DC-DC OFF		0		1.2	
Remote Off Input Current	All		2.5		mA
Input Current of Remote Control Pin	All	-0.5		0.5	mA

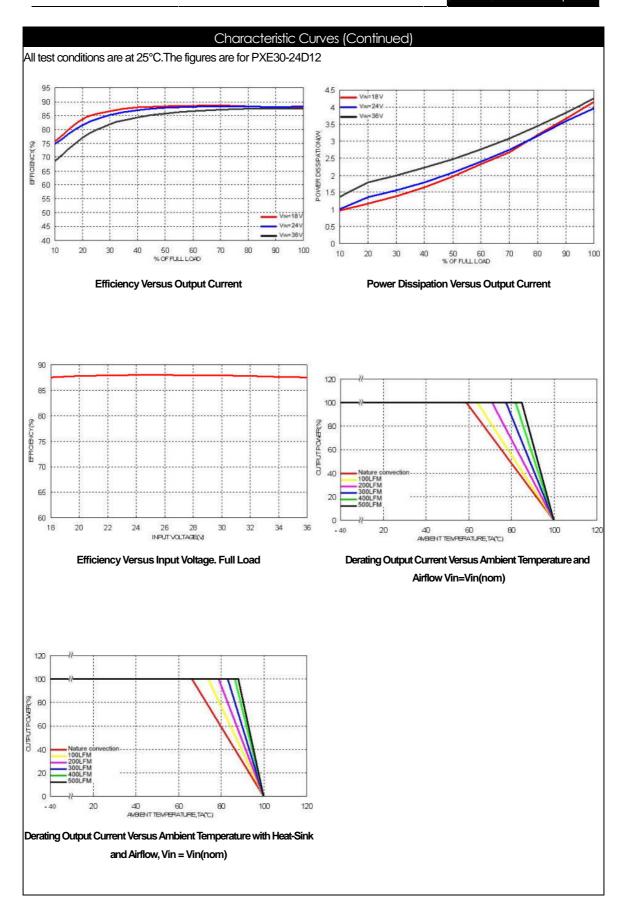
General Specification					
Parameter	Model	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Efficiency	12D12		87		
(Vin = Vin(nom); Full Load; TA=25°C)	12D15		87		
	24D12		88		%
	24D15		88		70
	48D12		88		
	48D15		88		
Isolation Voltage					
Input to Output	All	1600			V_{DC}
Input to Case, Output to Case		1600			
Isolation Resistance	All	1			GΩ
Isolation Capacitance	All			1000	pF
Switching Frequency	All		300		kHz
Weight	All		48		g
MTBF					
Bellcore TR-NWT-000332, TC=40°C	All		1.316×10 ⁶		hours
MIL-HDBK-217F			3.465×10 ⁵		hours
Over Temperature Protection	All		115		°C

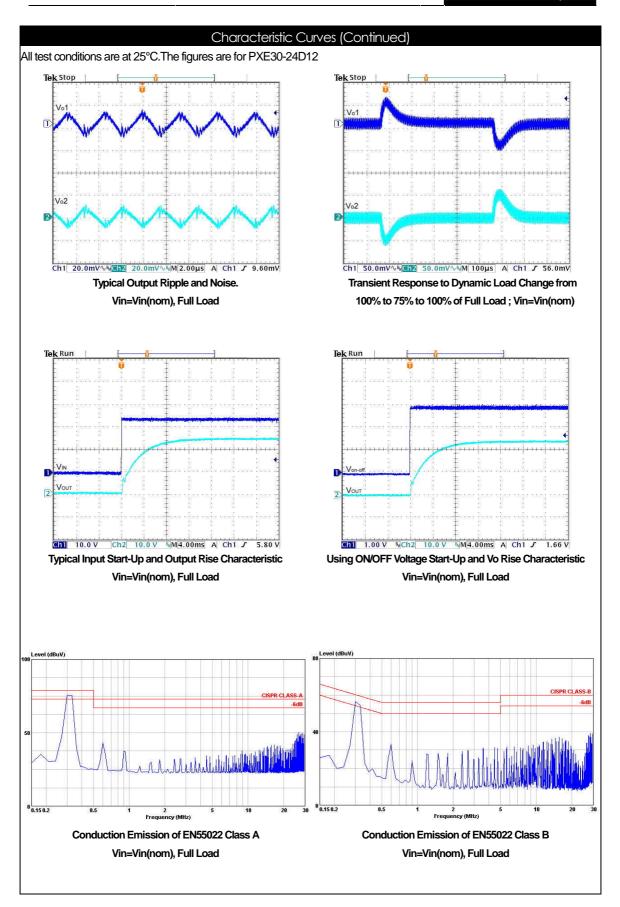


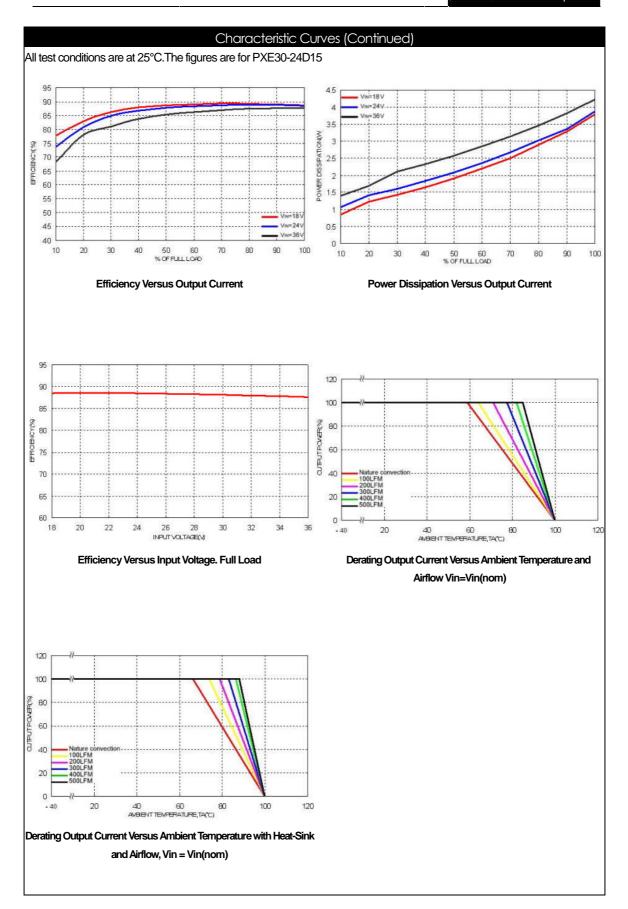


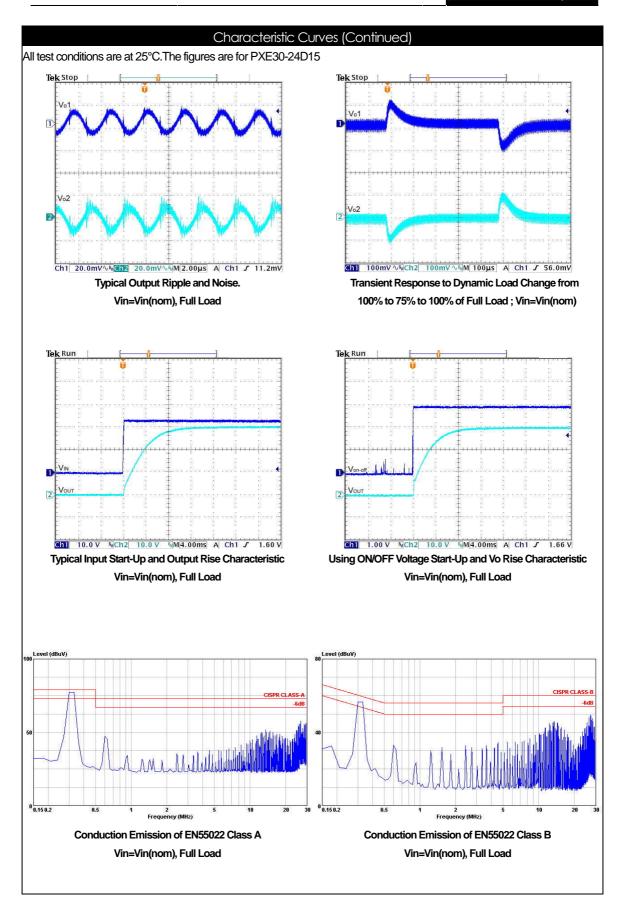


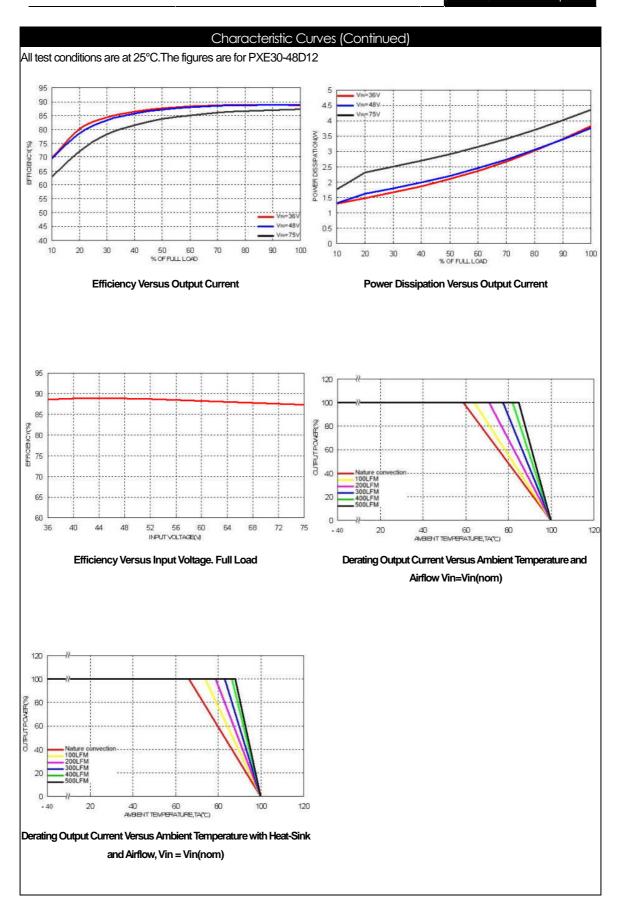


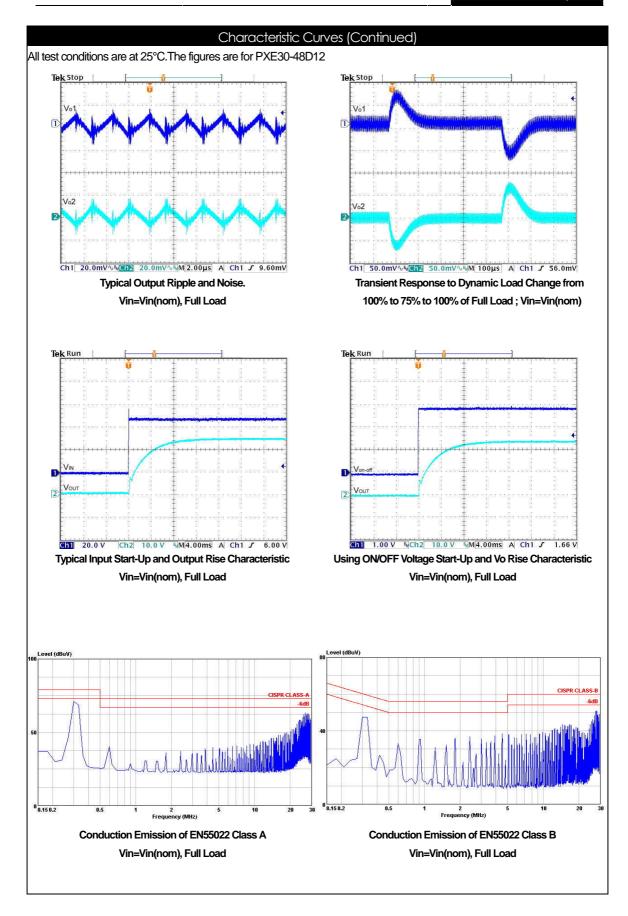


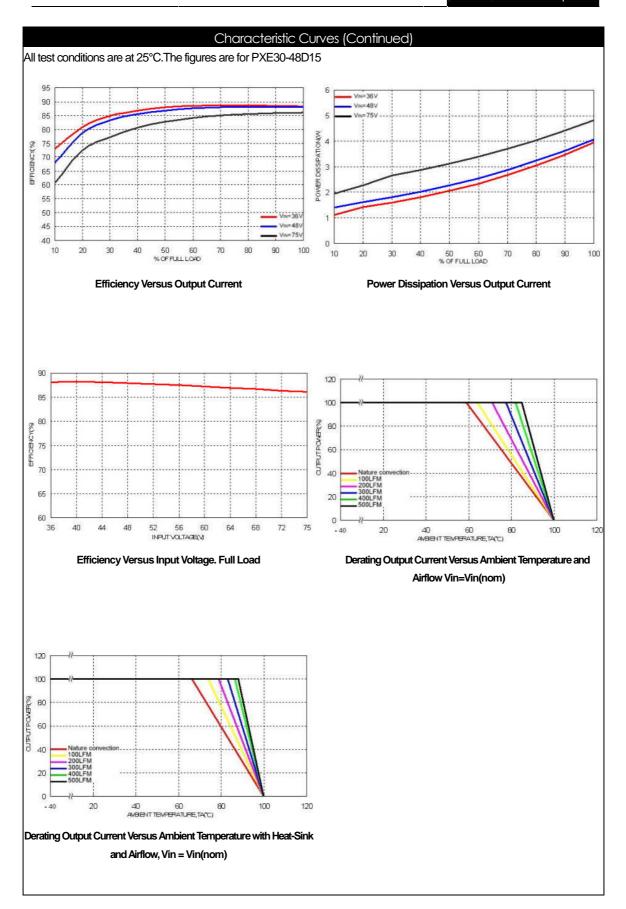


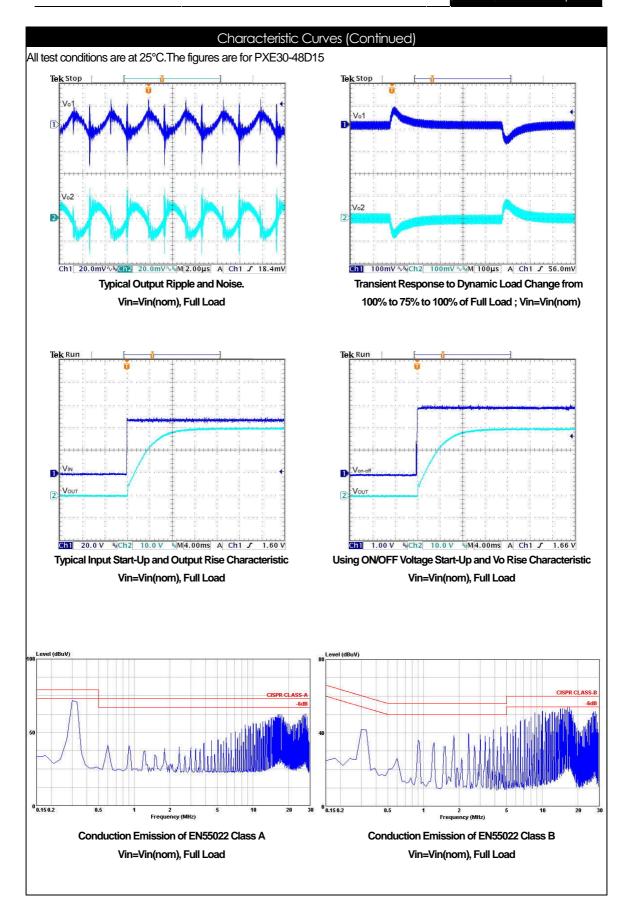






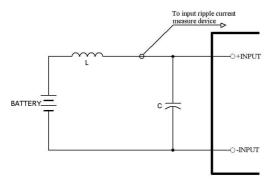






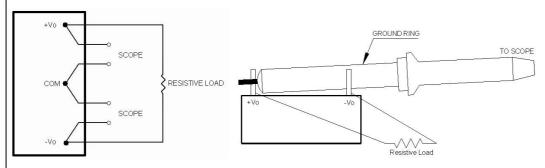
Test Configurations

Input reflected-ripple current measurement test:

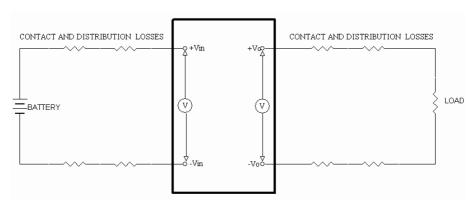


Component	Value	Voltage	Reference
L	12µH		
С	220µF	100V	Aluminum Electrolytic Capacitor

Peak-to-peak output ripple & noise measurement test:

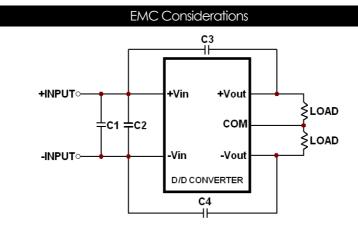


Output voltage and efficiency measurement test:

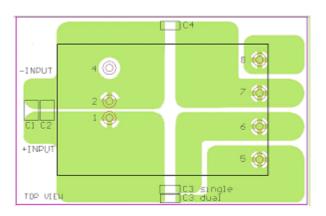


Note: All measurements are taken at the module terminals.

$$\textit{Efficiency} = \left(\frac{V_o \times I_o}{V_{in} \times I_{in}}\right) \times 100\%$$



Suggested Schematic for EN55022 Conducted Emission Class A Limits



Recommended Layout with Input Filter

To meet conducted emissions EN 55022 CLASS Athe following components are needed:

PXE30-12Dxx

Component	Value	Voltage	Reference
C1	6.8µF	50V	1812 MLCC
C3 · C4	1000pF	2KV	1808 MLCC

PXE30-24Dxx

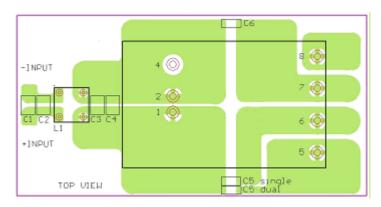
Component	Value	Voltage	Reference
C1	6.8µF	50V	1812 MLCC
C3:C4	1000pF	2KV	1808 MLCC

PXE30-48Dxx

Component	Value	Voltage	Reference
C1	2.2µF	100V	1812 MLCC
C3:C4	1000pF	2KV	1808 MLCC

+INPUT -INPUT -INPUT

Suggested Schematic for EN55022 Conducted Emission Class B Limits



Recommended Layout with Input Filter

To meet conducted emissions EN55022 CLASS B needed the following components:

PXE30-12Dxx

Component	Value	Voltage	Reference
C1:C3	4.7µF	50V	1812 MLCC
C5:C6	1000pF	2KV	1808 MLCC
L1	450µH		Common Choke

PXE30-24Dxx

Component	Value	Voltage	Reference
C1:C3	6.8µF	50V	1812 MLCC
C5:C6	1000pF	2KV	1808 MLCC
L1	450µH		Common Choke

PXE30-48Dxx

Component	Value	Voltage	Reference
C1:C2	2.2µF	100V	1812 MLCC
C3:C4	2.2µF	100V	1812 MLCC
C5:C6	1000pF	2KV	1808 MLCC
L1	450uH		Common Choke

This Common Choke L1 is defined as follows: ■ PMT-048 L:450μH±35% / DCR:25mΩ, max A height:9.8 mm, Max ■ All dimensions in millimeters

Input Source Impedance

The power module should be connected to a low impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedance can affect the stability of the power module. Input external L-C filter is recommended to minimize input reflected ripple current. The inductor has a simulated source impedance of 12µH and capacitor is Nippon chemi-con KY series 220µF/100V. The capacitor must as close as possible to the input terminals of the power module for lower impedance.

Output Over Current Protection

When excessive output currents occur in the system, circuit protection is required on all converters. Normally, overload current is maintained at approximately 150 percent of rated current for PXF40-xxSxx series.

Hiccup-mode is a method of operation in a converter whose purpose is to protect the power supply from being damaged during an over-current fault condition. It also enables the converter to restart when the fault is removed. There are other ways of protecting the converter when it is over-loaded, such as the maximum current limiting or current foldback methods.

One of the problems resulting from over current is that excessive heat may be generated in power devices; especially MOSFET and Schottky diodes and the temperature of these devices may exceed their specified limits. A protection mechanism has to be used to prevent these power devices from being damaged.

The operation of hiccup is as follows. When the current sense circuit sees an over-current event, the controller shuts off the converter for a given time and then tries to start up the converter again. If the over-load condition has been removed, the converter will start up and operate normally; otherwise, the controller will see another over-current event and will shut off the converter again, repeating the previous cycle. Hiccup operation has none of the drawbacks of the other two protection methods, although its circuit is more complicated because it requires a timing circuit. The excess heat due to overload lasts for only a short duration in the hiccup cycle, hence the junction temperature of the power devices is much lower.

Output Over Voltage Protection

The output over-voltage protection consists of a Zener diode that monitors the voltage on the output terminals. If the voltage on the output terminals exceeds the over-voltage protection threshold, then the Zener diode clamps the output voltage.

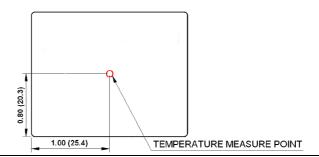
Short Circuit Protection

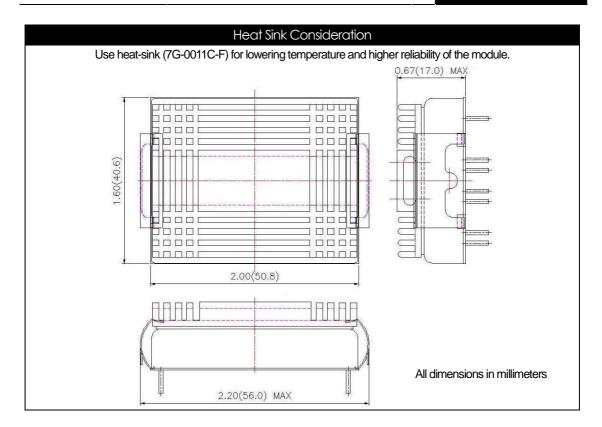
Continuous, hiccup and auto-recovery mode.

During a short circuit, the converter shut s down. The average current during this condition will be very low .

Thermal Consideration

The power module operates in a variety of thermal environments. However, sufficient cooling should be provided to help ensure reliable operation of the unit. Heat is removed by conduction, convection, and radiation to the surrounding environment. Proper cooling can be verified by measuring the point as shown in the figure below. The temperature at this location should not exceed 100°C. When operating, adequate cooling must be provided to maintain the test point temperature at or below 100°C. Although the maximum point temperature of the power modules is 100°C, limiting this temperature to a lower value will yield higher reliability.

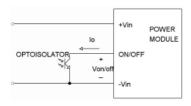




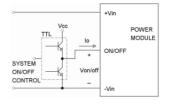
Remote ON/OFF Control

The Remote ON/OFF Pin is used to turn on and off the DC/DC power module. The user must use a switch to control the logic voltage (high or low level) of the pin referenced to -Vin. The switch can be an open collector transistor, FET and Opto-Coupler. The switch must be capable of sinking up to 0.5 mA at low-level logic voltage. High-level logic of the ON/OFF signal (maximum voltage): the allowable leakage current of the switch at 12V is 0.5mA.

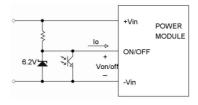
Remote ON/OFF Implementation Circuits



Isolated-Clontrol Remote ON/OFF

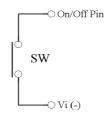


Level Control Using TTL Output

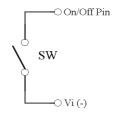


Level Control Using Line Voltage

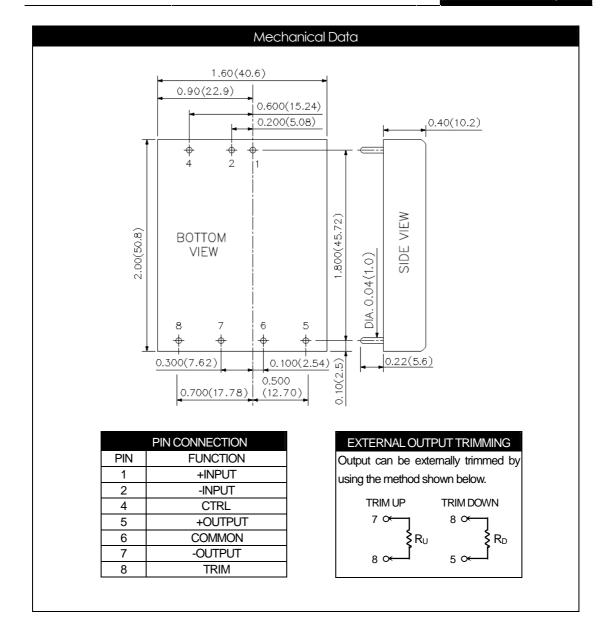
Positive Logic:

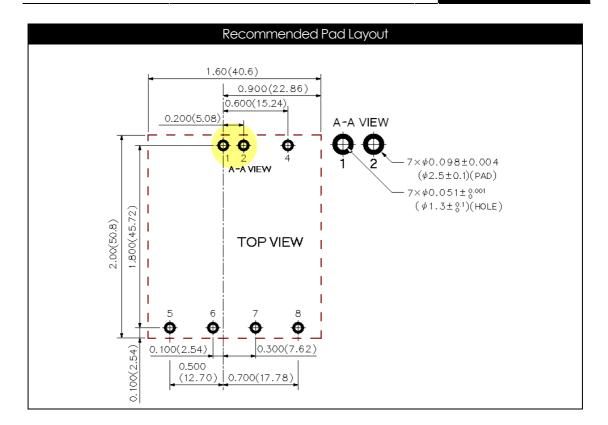


When PXE30 module is turned off at Low-level logic



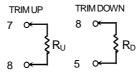
When PXE30 module is turned on at High-level logic





Output Voltage Adjustment

Output voltage set point adjustment allows the user to increase or decrease the output voltage set point of a module. This is accomplished by connecting an external resistor between the TRIM pin and either the Vo(+) or Vo(-) pins. With an external resistor between the TRIM and Vo(-) pin, the output voltage set point increases. With an external resistor between the TRIM and Vo(+) pin, the output voltage set point decreases.



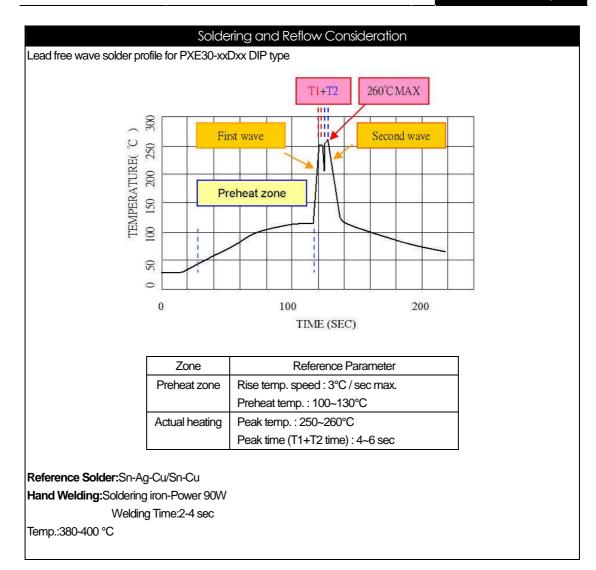
TRIM TABLE

PXE30-xxD12

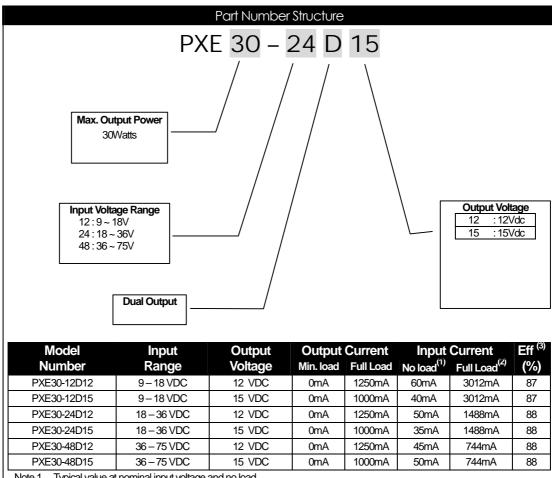
Trim up (%)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
V _{OUT} (Volts)=	±12.12	±12.24	±12.36	±12.48	±12.6	±12.72	±12.84	±12.96	±13.08	±13.2
R _∪ (K OhmS)=	218.21	98.105	58.07	38.052	26.042	18.035	12.316	8.026	4.69	2.021
Trim down (%)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Trim down (%) Vout (Volts)=	1 ±11.88	2 ±11.76	3 ±11.64	4 ±11.52	5 ±11.4	6 ±11.28	7 ±11.16	8 ±11.04	9 ±10.92	10 ±10.8

PXE30-xxD15

1. 7.200 7.2 .0										
Trim up (%)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
V _{OUT} (Volts)=	±15.15	±15.3	±15.45	±15.6	±15.75	±15.9	±16.05	±16.2	±16.35	±16.5
R _∪ (K OhmS)=	268.29	120.64	71.429	46.822	32.058	22.215	15.184	9.911	5.81	2.529
Trim down (%)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
V _{OUT} (Volts)=	±14.85	±14.7	±14.55	±14.4	±14.25	±14.1	±13.95	±13.8	±13.65	±13.5
R _D (K OhmS)=	337.71	152.02	90.126	59.178	40.609	28.23	19.387	12.756	7.598	3.471



Packaging Information 12 PCS per TUBE



Note 1. Typical value at nominal input voltage and no load.

- Note 2. Maximum value at nominal input voltage and full load.
- Note 3. Typical value at nominal input voltage and full load.

Safety and Installation Instruction

Fusing Consideration

Caution: This power module is not internally fused. An input line fuse must always be used.

This encapsulated power module can be used in a wide variety of applications, ranging from simple stand-alone operation to an integrated part of sophisticated power architecture. For maximum flexibility, internal fusing is not included; however, to achieve maximum safety and system protection, always use an input line fuse. The safety agencies require a slow-blow fuse with maximum rating of 6A. Based on the information provided in this data sheet on Inrush energy and maximum DC input current; the same type of fuse with lower rating can be used. Refer to the fuse manufacturer's data for further information.

MTBF and Reliability

The MTBF of PXE30-xxDxx DC/DC converters has been calculated using:

Bellcore TR-NWT-000332 Case I: 50% stress, Operating Temperature at 40°C (Ground fixed and controlled environment). The resulting figure for MTBF is 1.316×10⁶ hours.

MIL-HDBK-217F NOTICE2 FULL LOAD, Operating Temperature at 25°C °C. The resulting figure for MTBF is 3.465×10^{5} hours.