

Ultra Small Low Profile 0603 Balun 50Ω to 50Ω Balanced



inaer

Description:

The X4B20L1-5050G is an ultra-small low profile balanced to unbalanced transformer designed for differential inputs and output for 5G applications. The X4B20L1-5050G is ideal for high volume manufacturing. The X4B20L1-5050G is available on tape and reel for pick and place high volume manufacturing.

All of the Xinger components are constructed from ceramic filled PTFE composites, which possess excellent electrical and mechanical stability. All parts have been subjected to rigorous qualification testing and units are 100% RF tested. Produced in an ENIG final finish.

Electrical Specifications**

| <u>Features:</u> • 1200-2700 MHz | Frequency | Port Impedance | Insertion Loss | Return Loss | Amplitude Imbalance |
|--|-----------|--------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|
| • 50 Ohm to 2 x 25 Ohm | MHz | Single Ended : Differential | dB Max | dB Min | dB Max |
| 5G Applications | 1200-2500 | 50:50 | 1 | 15 | ± 1.1 |
| Very Low Loss | 2500-2700 | 50:50 | 1.2 | 17 | ± 1.2 |
| Tight Amplitude Balance | | Dhace | | | Onerating |
| Production Friendly | | Phase Imbalance | CMRR | Power | Operating |
| Tape and Reel | | Impaiance | | | Temp. |
| Non-conductive Surface RoHS Compliant | | Degrees | dB Min | Avg. CW Watts @105°C | °C |
| Halogen Free | | 180 ± 8 | 20 | 1 | -55 to +140 |
| | | 180 ± 10 | 19 | 1 | -55 to +140 |

**Specification based on performance of unit properly installed on a TTM test board with small signal applied. *Specifications subject to change without notice. Refer to parameter definitions for details.

Mechanical Outline:



WWW.TTM.COM

FOLLOW US f in 🍬 🖸 💿 🖸 #TTM #TTMTECH #INSPIRINGINNOVATION



Insertion Loss and Power Derating Curves





Insertion Loss Derating:

The insertion loss, at a given frequency, of a group of couplers is measured at 25°C and then averaged. The measurements are performed under small signal conditions (i.e. using a Vector Network Analyzer). The process is repeated at 105°C and 140°C. A best-fit line for the measured data is computed and then plotted from -55°C to 140°C.

Power Derating

The power handling and corresponding power derating plots are a function of the thermal resistance, mounting surface temperature (base plate temperature), maximum continuous operating temperature of the coupler, and the thermal insertion loss. The thermal insertion loss is defined in the Power Handling section of the data sheet.

As the mounting interface temperature approaches the maximum continuous operating temperature, the power handling decreases to zero.

If mounting temperature is greater than 105°C, Xinger coupler will perform reliably as long as the input power is derated to the curve above.

WWW.TTM.COM

FOLLOW US f in 🍖 🖸 💿 🗍 #TTM #TTMTECH #INSPIRINGINNOVATION



Typical Performance (25 °C): 1000 MHz to 3000 MHz







2000 2200

Frequency (MHz)

2400 2600 2800 3000

1800

WWW.TTM.COM

1000 1200 1400

1600

1800 2000 2200

2400 2600 2800 3000

FOLLOW US f in 🎕 🖸 🗿 🗍 **#TTM #TTMTECH #INSPIRINGINNOVATION**



Typical Broadband Performance (25 °C): 10 MHz to 8010 MHz







FOLLOW US f in the provided of the following of the foll



Definition of Measured Specifications

| Parameter | Definition | Mathematical Representation | | |
|----------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| Return Loss | The impedance match at the single ended port. | $RL = 20Log_{10}(S_{11})$ | | |
| Differential Port Return Loss | The impedance match at the differential port. | $RLD = 20Log_{10} 0.5 * (S_{22} - S_{23} - S_{32} + S_{33}) $ | | |
| Insertion Loss | Power loss from common mode to differential mode. | $ILD = 20Log_{10}(0.707 * (S_{21} - S_{31}))$ | | |
| Phase Imbalance | The difference in phase angle between the two differential ports, offset by 180 deg. | $PB = (Phase(S_{21}) - Phase(S_{31})) - 180^{\circ}$ | | |
| Amplitude Imbalance | The ratio of the power at differential ports. | $AB = 20Log_{10} \frac{S_{21}}{S_{31}} $ | | |
| Common Mode Rejection Ratio | The ratio of powers of the differential gain to the common-mode gain. | $CMRR = \pm 20Log_{10}(S_{21}+S_{31})/(S_{21}-S_{31})$ | | |

*Parts are 100% RF tested as per spec definition.

** Refer to page 6 for port assignment

Peak Power Handling

High-Pot testing of these components during the qualification procedure resulted in a minimum breakdown voltage of 1Kv (minimum recorded value). This voltage level corresponds to a breakdown resistance capable of handling at least 12dB peaks over average power levels, for very short durations. The breakdown location consistently occurred across the pads and the ground bar (see illustration below). The breakdown levels at these points will be affected by any contamination in the gap area around these pads. These areas must be kept clean for optimum performance. It is recommended that the user test for voltage breakdown under the maximum operating conditions and over worst case modulation induced power peaking. This evaluation should also include extreme environmental conditions (such as high humidity).



WWW.TTM.COM

FOLLOW US f in to C f #TTM #TTMTECH #INSPIRINGINNOVATION



Packaging and Ordering Information:

Parts are available in reel and are packaged per EIA 481-D. Parts are oriented in tape and reel as shown below. Minimum order quantities are 4000 per reel.



Contact us: rf&s_support@ttm.com

WWW.TTM.COM

FOLLOW US f in the provided of the following of the foll