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Single-Channel: 6N138, 6N139 Dual-Channel: HCPL2730, HCPL2731 Low Input Current High Gain Split Darlington Optocouplers

Features

- Low current 0.5mA
- Superior CTR-2000%
- Superior CMR-10kV/µs
- CTR guaranteed 0–70°C
- U.L. recognized (File # E90700)
- VDE recognized (File # 120915) Ordering option V, e.g., 6N138V
- Dual Channel HCPL2730, HCPL2731

Applications

- Digital logic ground isolation
- Telephone ring detector
- EIA-RS-232C line receiver
- High common mode noise line receiver
- µP bus isolation
- Current loop receiver

Description

The 6N138/9 and HCPL2730/HCPL2731 optocouplers consist of an AlGaAs LED optically coupled to a high gain split darlington photodetector.

August 2008

The split darlington configuration separating the input photodiode and the first stage gain from the output transistor permits lower output saturation voltage and higher speed operation than possible with conventional darlington phototransistor optocoupler. In the dual channel devices, HCPL2730/HCPL2731, an integrated emitter-base resistor provides superior stability over temperature.

The combination of a very low input current of 0.5mA and a high current transfer ratio of 2000% makes this family particularly useful for input interface to MOS, CMOS, LSTTL and EIA RS232C, while output compatibility is ensured to CMOS as well as high fan-out TTL requirements. An internal noise shield provides exceptional common mode rejection of 10 kV/µs.



Absolute Maximum Ratings (T_A = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

Stresses exceeding the absolute maximum ratings may damage the device. The device may not function or be operable above the recommended operating conditions and stressing the parts to these levels is not recommended. In addition, extended exposure to stresses above the recommended operating conditions may affect device reliability. The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only.

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units	
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-55 to +125	°C	
T _{OPR}	Operating Temperature		-40 to +85	°C
T _{SOL}	Lead Solder Temperature (Wave solder only. See recompression of SMD mounting)	mended reflow profile	260 for 10 sec	°C
EMITTER				
I _F (avg)	DC/Average Forward Input Current	Each Channel	20	mA
I _F (pk)	Peak Forward Input Current (50% duty cycle, 1 ms P.W.)	Each Channel	40	mA
I _F (trans)	Peak Transient Input Current - (≤1µs P.W., 300 pps)		1.0	А
V _R	Reverse Input Voltage	Each Channel	5	V
PD	Input Power Dissipation	Each Channel	35	mW
DETECTO	R			
I _O (avg)	Average Output Current	Each Channel	60	mA
V _{ER}	Emitter-Base Reverse Voltage	6N138 and 6N139	0.5	V
V _{CC} , V _O	Supply Voltage, Output Voltage	6N138, HCPL2730	-0.5 to 7	V
		6N139, HCPL2731	-0.5 to 18	
Po	Output Power Dissipation	Each Channel	100	mW
	Output Power Dissipation			

Symbol	Parameter	Test Cond	litions	Device	Min.	Typ.*	Max.	Unit
EMITTER		•		-				
V _F	Input Forward Voltage $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		All		1.30	1.7	V	
		Each channel (I _F = 1.6mA)					1.75	
BV _R	Input Reverse Breakdown Voltage	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, I_R = 10\mu A$		All	5.0	20		V
$\Delta V_{F} / \Delta T_{A}$	Temperature Coefficient of Forward Voltage	I _F = 1.6mA		All		-1.8	C	mV/°C
DETECTO	R							
I _{OH}	Logic HIGH Output Current	$I_F = 0mA, V_O = V_{CC} =$	18V	6N139		0.01	100	μA
			Each Channel	HCPL2731				
		$I_F = 0mA, V_O = V_{CC} =$	7V	6N138		0.01	250	
			Each Channel	HCPL2730				
I _{CCL}	Logic LOW supply	$I_F = 1.6mA$, $V_O = Open$, $V_{CC} = 18V$		6N138, 6N139		0.4	1.5	mA
		$I_{F1} = I_{F2} = 1.6 \text{mA}, V_{CC} = 18 \text{V}$		HCPL2731		1.3	3	
		V _{O1} – V _{O2} = Open, V _{CC} = 7V		HCPL2730				
I _{CCH}	Logic HIGH Supply	$I_F = 0mA, V_O = Open,$	V _{CC} = 18V	6N138, 6N139		0.05	10	μA
		$I_{F1} = I_{F2} = 0mA, V_{CC}$	= 18V	HCPL2731		0.10	20	
		$V_{01} - V_{02} = Open, V_{02}$	c = 7V	HCPL2730	1			

Transfer Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Device	Min.	Тур.*	Max.	Uni
COUPLE)			I				
CTR	Current Transfer	$I_F = 0.5 \text{mA}, V_O = 0.4 \text{ V}, V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{V}$		6N139	400	1100		%
	Ratio ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾		Each Channel	HCPL2731		3500		
		I _F = 1.6mA, V _O = 0.4 V	$V_{\rm CC} = 4.5 V$	6N139	500	1300		
			Each Channel	HCPL2731		2500		
10		I _F = 1.6mA, V _O = 0.4 V	, V _{CC} = 4.5V	6N138	300	1300		
			Each Channel	HCPL2730		2500	/	
	Logic LOW Output Voltage ⁽²⁾	I _F = 0.5mA, I _O = 2mA,	$V_{CC} = 4.5V$	6N139		0.08	0.4	V
		$I_F = 1.6 \text{mA}, I_O = 8 \text{mA}, V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{V}$		6N139		0.01	0.4	
			Each Channel	HCPL2731	1			B
\frown		I _F = 0.5mA, I _O = 15mA	, V _{CC} = 4.5V	6N139		0.13	0.4	
			Each Channel	HCPL2731				
		$I_{\rm F} = 12 {\rm mA}, I_{\rm O} = 24 {\rm mA},$	$V_{CC} = 4.5V$	6N139		0.20	0.4	
			Each Channel	HCPL2731				
		I _F = 1.6mA, I _O = 4.8mA	A, $V_{CC} = 4.5V$	6N138		0.10	0.4	
			Each Channel	HCPL2730				

*All Typicals at T_A = 25°C

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Device	Min.	Тур.*	Max.	Unit
T _{PHL}	Propagation Delay	$R_L = 4.7\Omega$, $I_F = 0.5mA$		6N139			30	μs
	Time to Logic LOW ⁽²⁾ (Fig. 24)		$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	1		4	25	
		$R_L = 4.7\Omega, I_F = 0.5mA$		HCPL2731			120	
		Each Channel	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$]		3	100	CA
		$R_{L} = 270\Omega, I_{F} = 12mA$		6N139			2	
			$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$]		0.2	1	
		$R_{L} = 270\Omega, I_{F} = 12mA, E$	Each Channel	HCPL2730			3	<i>y</i>
			$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	HCPL2731		0.3	2	
		$R_L = 2.2\Omega, I_F = 1.6mA$		6N138			15	n
			$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$			1.5	10	
		$R_L = 2.2\Omega, I_F = 1.6mA, E$	Each Channel	HCPL2731			25	
			$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	HCPL2730		1	20	
T _{PLH}	Propagation Delay Time to Logic HIGH ⁽²⁾ (Fig. 24)	$R_L = 4.7\Omega, I_F = 0.5mA$		6N139			90	μs
			Each Channel	HCPL2731	Í			
		$R_L = 4.7\Omega, I_F = 0.5mA, T$	_A = 25°C	6N139		12	60	1
			Each Channel	HCPL2731		22		
		$R_{L} = 270\Omega, I_{F} = 12mA$		6N139			10	
			$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	1		1.3	7	
		$R_{L} = 270\Omega, I_{F} = 12mA, E$	Each Channel	HCPL2730			15	
			$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	HCPL2731		5	10	
		$R_L = 2.2\Omega, I_F = 1.6mA$		6N138			50	
			Each Channel	HCPL2730/1				
		$R_L = 2.2\Omega, I_F = 1.6mA, T$	_A = 25°C	6N138		7	35	
			Each Channel	HCPL2730/1		16		
ICM _H I	Common Mode Transient Immunity at Logic HIGH ⁽³⁾ (Fig. 25)	$I_F = 0$ mA, $ V_{CM} = 10V_{P}$ R _L = 2.2 Ω	_P , T _A = 25°C,	6N138 6N139	1,000	10,000		V/µs
			Each Channel	HCPL2730 HCPL2731				
ICMLI	Common Mode Transient	$(I_F = 1.6mA, V_{CM} = 10V_{P-P}, R_L = 2.2\Omega)$ $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$		6N138 6N139	1,000 1	10,000		V/µs
	Immunity at Logic LOW ⁽³⁾ (Fig. 25)		Each Channel	HCPL2730 HCPL2731				

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** All Typicals at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

Electrical Characteristics (Continued) (T_A = 0 to 70°C unless otherwise specified)

Isolation Characteristics

Symbol	Characteristics	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.*	Max.	Unit
I _{I-O}	Input-Output Insulation Leakage Current ⁽⁴⁾	Relative humidity = 45%, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, t = 5s, $V_{I-O} = 3000VDC$			1.0	μA
V _{ISO}	Withstand Insulation Test Voltage ⁽⁴⁾	$\label{eq:rescaled} \begin{array}{l} RH \leq 50\%, \ T_A = 25^\circ C, \ I_{I\text{-}O} \leq 2\mu A, \\ t = 1 \ \text{min}. \end{array}$	2500			V _{RMS}
R _{I-O}	Resistance (Input to Output) ⁽⁴⁾	V _{I-O} = 500VDC		10 ¹²		Ω
C _{I-O}	Capacitance (Input to Output) ⁽⁴⁾⁽⁵⁾	f = 1MHz		0.6	C	pF
I _{I-I}	Input-Input Insulation Leakage Current ⁽⁶⁾	$\label{eq:RH} \begin{array}{l} RH \leq 45\%, V_{I\text{-}I} = 500 \text{VDC}, t = 5s, \\ HCPL2730/2731 only \end{array}$		0.005		μA
R _{I-I}	Input-Input Resistance ⁽⁶⁾	V _{I-I} = 500VDC, HCPL2730/2731 only		10 ¹¹		Ω
C _{I-I}	Input-Input Capacitance ⁽⁶⁾	f = 1MHz, HCPL2730/2731 only		0.03		pF

*All Typicals at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

Notes:

- 1. Current Transfer Ratio is defined as a ratio of output collector current, I_O, to the forward LED input current, I_F, times 100%.
- 2. Pin 7 open. (6N138 and 6N139 only)
- 3. Common mode transient immunity in logic HIGH level is the maximum tolerable (positive) dV_{cm}/dt on the leading edge of the common mode pulse signal V_{CM} , to assure that the output will remain in a logic HIGH state (i.e., $V_O > 2.0V$). Common mode transient immunity in logic LOW level is the maximum tolerable (negative) dV_{cm}/dt on the trailing edge of the

common mode pulse signal, V_{CM} , to assure that the output will remain in a logic LOW state (i.e., $V_O < 0.8V$).

- 4. Device is considered a two terminal device: Pins 1, 2, 3 and 4 are shorted together and Pins 5, 6, 7 and 8 are shorted together.
- 5. For dual channel devices, C_{I-O} is measured by shorting pins 1 and 2 or pins 3 and 4 together and pins 5 through 8 shorted together.
- 6. Measured between pins 1 and 2 shorted together, and pins 3 and 4 shorted together.

Electrical Characteristics (Continued) $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified)

Current Limiting Resistor Calculations







Fig. 2 Non-Inverting Logic Interface



Fig. 3 Inverting Logic Interface



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Ordering Information						
Option	Example Part Number	Description				
No Suffix	6N138	Standard Through Hole Device, 50 pcs per tube				
S	6N138S	Surface Mount Lead Bend				
SD	6N138SD	Surface Mount; Tape and reel				
W	6N138W	0.4" Lead Spacing				
V	6N138V	VDE0884				
WV	6N138WV	VDE0884; 0.4" lead spacing				
SV	6N138SV	VDE0884; surface mount				
SDV	6N138SDV	VDE0884; surface mount; tape and reel				

Marking Information

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